

---

# **Timeflux Flux**

***Release 0.3.dev2+gb918e91***

**Pierre Clisson**

**Feb 16, 2022**



## CONTENTS

<b>1 Installation</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2 Documentation</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1 API Reference . . . . .	5
<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Index</b>	<b>11</b>



This plugin provides a driver to connect to [Plux](#) devices.

When connecting to the device for the first time, use the following pairing code: *123*.



---

**CHAPTER  
ONE**

---

## **INSTALLATION**

First, make sure that [Timeflux](#) is installed.

You can then install this plugin in the *timeflux* environment:

```
$ conda activate timeflux
$ pip install timeflux_plux
```



---

CHAPTER  
TWO

---

## DOCUMENTATION

The API documentation and examples can be found [here](#).

### 2.1 API Reference

This page contains auto-generated API reference documentation.

`timeflux_plux`

---

#### 2.1.1 `timeflux_plux`

`timeflux_plux.helpers`

---

##### helpers

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer`

---

Transfer functions

###### transfer

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.RESOLUTION = 16`

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.VCC = 3`

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.ECG(signal)`

ECG value in millivolt ()

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.BVP(signal)`

BVP value in r.i. units

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.EDA(signal)`

EDA value in microsiemens ()

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.EMG(signal)`

EMG value in millivolt ()

```
timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.PZT(signal)
    Displacement value in percentage (%) of full scale
timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.EEG(signal)
    EEG value in microvolt ()
timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer.LUX(signal)
    LUX normalized value (0-1)
timeflux_plux.nodes
```

---

## nodes

```
timeflux_plux.nodes.driver
```

---

## driver

```
class timeflux_plux.nodes.driver.Plux(address=None, rate=None)
Bases: timeflux.core.node.Node
```

This node connects to a BiosignalsPlux device and streams data at a provided rate.

Two output streams are provided. The default output is the data read from the analog and digital channels, converted to meaningful units according to the sensor types. The `o_raw` output provides the data directly returned from the device.

### Parameters

- `port` (`string/None`) – Path to the Plux device. e.g. `xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx` (Bluetooth Mac Address), `COMx` (serial port on Windows), `/dev/cu.biosignalsplus-Bluetoot` (serial port on macOS). If not specified, the node will connect to the first detected device.
- `rate` (`int/None`) – The device rate in Hz. Maximum value for one channel: `8000`. Maximum value for eight channels: `2000`. If not specified, the rate will be set to the maximum value allowed for the number of detected sensors.

### Variables

- `i` (`Port`) – Default input, expects DataFrame.
- `o` (`Port`) – Signal converted to meaningful units, provides DataFrame.
- `o_raw` (`Port`) – Raw signal, provides DataFrame.

## Example

```
graphs:
  - id: acquisition
    nodes:
      - id: plux
        module: timeflux_plux.nodes.driver
        class: Plux
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```

params:
  address: /dev/cu.biosignalsplus-Bluetooth
  rate: 1000
- id: pub_raw
  module: timeflux.nodes.zmq
  class: Pub
  params:
    topic: raw
- id: pub_converted
  module: timeflux.nodes.zmq
  class: Pub
  params:
    topic: converted
edges:
- source: plux:raw
  target: pub_raw
- source: plux
  target: pub_converted
rate: 1

- id: display
nodes:
- id: subscribe
  module: timeflux.nodes.zmq
  class: Sub
  params:
    topics: [ converted ]
- id: debug
  module: timeflux.nodes.debug
  class: Display
edges:
- source: subscribe:converted
  target: debug
rate: 1

- id: broker
nodes:
- id: broker
  module: timeflux.nodes.zmq
  class: Broker

```

**Attention:**

- On macOS, device autodetection and MAC addresses seem to work, but data is not actually streamed.  
Use the serial port instead.
- Multiple sensors of the same type are currently not supported.
- For sensors that return multiple channels (accelerator for example), only the first channel is available.

**See also:**

- Official (outdated) API documentation
- Official libraries
- Discussion about sensor detection mapping
- Helpful examples on how to write transfer functions

Instantiate the node.

**update(self)**

Update outputs

**terminate(self)**

Cleanup

**info(self)**

Get some info about the connected device

**convert(self, samples)**

Convert signal to meaningful units

## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

t

timeflux\_plux, 5  
timeflux\_plux.helpers, 5  
timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer, 5  
timeflux\_plux.nodes, 6  
timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver, 6



# INDEX

## B

`BVP()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5

## C

`convert()` (*timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver.Plux method*), 8

## E

`ECG()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5

`EDA()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5

`EEG()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 6

`EMG()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5

|

`info()` (*timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver.Plux method*), 8

## L

`LUX()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 6

## M

`module`

`timeflux_plux`, 5

`timeflux_plux.helpers`, 5

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer`, 5

`timeflux_plux.nodes`, 6

`timeflux_plux.nodes.driver`, 6

## P

`Plux` (*class in timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver*), 6

`PZT()` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5

## R

`RESOLUTION` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*),

5

## T

`terminate()` (*timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver.Plux method*),  
8

`timeflux_plux`

`module`, 5

`timeflux_plux.helpers`

`module`, 5

`timeflux_plux.helpers.transfer`

`module`, 5

`timeflux_plux.nodes`

`module`, 6

`timeflux_plux.nodes.driver`

`module`, 6

## U

`update()` (*timeflux\_plux.nodes.driver.Plux method*), 8

## V

`VCC` (*in module timeflux\_plux.helpers.transfer*), 5